

Table 34. Estimated Number of Deaths of Persons with AIDS¹ by Sex and Exposure Category, 1993–98

	Exposure Category							Total	Percent drug-related ³
	Men who have sex with men (MSM)	Injecting drug use (IDU)	MSM and IDU	Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	Heterosexual contact	Receipt of blood transfusion ²	Risk not reported or identified		
Male adult/adolescent									
1993	23,786	9,275	3,153	354	1,582	314	172	38,637	32.1%
1994	25,124	10,323	3,451	348	1,987	304	148	41,684	33.0%
1995	24,659	10,764	3,389	328	2,362	262	104	41,869	33.8%
1996	16,684	8,508	2,464	241	2,085	220	67	30,369	36.1%
1997	8,568	5,332	1,421	136	1,447	113	47	17,066	39.5%
1998	6,716	4,419	1,183	107	1,221	82	28	13,755	40.7%
Female adult/adolescent									
1993	N/A	3,124	N/A	17	2,640	237	75	6,093	51.2%
1994	N/A	3,687	N/A	26	3,456	228	55	7,452	49.4%
1995	N/A	3,800	N/A	29	3,963	229	58	8,078	47.0%
1996	N/A	3,275	N/A	30	3,428	174	34	6,942	47.1%
1997	N/A	2,141	N/A	21	2,289	96	20	4,567	46.8%
1998	N/A	1,861	N/A	16	1,994	75	16	3,961	46.9%

N/A Not applicable.

¹Excludes pediatric AIDS cases (<13 years old). These numbers do not represent actual deaths of persons with AIDS. Rather, these numbers are point estimates adjusted for delays in the reporting of deaths and for redistribution of cases initially reported with no identified risk, but not for incomplete reporting. Annual estimates are through the most recent year for which reliable estimates are available.

²Includes receipt of blood components or tissue.

³Proportion includes injection drug users and MSM who are injection drug users.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 1999*; 11(No. 2), Table 31.